## MN ASSOCIATION OF CHARTER SCHOOLS – NEW LAW PRIMER 2023

## **NEW: CANNABIS IN THE WORKPLACE**

**CANNABIS POLICY - (MN Statutes 181.952)** 

IF you want to include cannabis use into your current drug/alcohol policy, you can use your current policy and add appropriate cannabis language.

- Employers are not required to allow cannabis flower, product, lower-potency hemp edibles, or hemp-derived consumer product "use, possession, impairment, sale, or transfer" while an employee is working, on school premises, or operating school vehicles, machinery, or equipment.
- Employers may only enact and enforce cannabis work rules if they are in a written policy.

## **CANNABIS TESTING AND DISCIPLINE** - (MN Statutes 181.953)

- Employers who request or require job applicants or employees to undergo drug testing for cannabis must use the services of a testing laboratory that meets specific conditions.
  - Employers cannot conduct their own cannabis testing or require the contribution or payment of the cost of the test.
- Employers must follow the current rules in statute for workplace drug and alcohol testing
  pertaining to giving forms acknowledging awareness of the policy, positive test procedures, notice
  of testing results, the rights to a copy of test results, requests of retests, and limitations on
  employee discharge discipline or discrimination.
- Employers can discipline, discharge, or take other adverse personnel action against an employee for cannabis use, possession, impairment, sale, or transfer while an employee is working, on school premises, or operating school vehicles / machinery / equipment <u>IF:</u>
  - o as a result of consuming cannabis or hemp-derived product the employee does not have "clearness of intellect and control of self that the employee otherwise would have"
  - o testing verifies cannabis or hemp-derived product use
  - the employer's written work rules contain minimum information on their cannabis at work policy
  - state or federal law or regulations authorize and require it, and if a failure to do so would cause the employer to lose money or a licensing-related benefit under federal law / regulations